

## **United International University (UIU)**

Dept. of Computer Science & Engineering (CSE)

Mid Term Exam, Trimester: Fall 2022 Course Code: CSE-1115, Course Title: Object Oriented Programming Total Marks: 30, Duration: 1 hour 45 minutes

Any examinee found adopting unfair means will be expelled from the trimester / program as per UIU disciplinary rules.

1.	Write the output of the following program:		6
	public class GoT pu	ublic void printFullName() { System.out.println(name + " " + house);	
	<pre>} public String name; public String house; public double impact; public float intent; public GoT() {     System.out.println("Best TV series after Breaking Bad");</pre>	<pre>system.out.println(name + * + nouse); } ublic void printDetails() {     printFullName();     System.out.println("Impact: " + impact);     System.out.println("Intent: " + intent); } {     System.out.println("Valar morghulis"); }     public static void main(String[] args) {         GoT ob1 = new GoT();         ob1.name = "John Snow";         ob1.house = "404";         GoT ob2 = new GoT(4.8);         ob1.printDetails();         ob2.printDetails();     } </pre>	
2.	<ul> <li>2. A Class named Movie containing following elements: name (String), origin (String), genre (String) and rating (Float). Among them, <i>name</i> cannot be accessed outside the class and <i>origin</i> can only be accessed in inherited class Other two elements can be accessed from anywhere.</li> <li>Write down the Movie Class which will contain following members: <ul> <li>a. Provide appropriate Access Modifier to the elements.</li> <li>b. Create Necessary Methods to access name and origin from outside the class.</li> <li>c. Two Parameterized Constructors where First Constructor will take all four elements and Second Constructor will take only name and genre.</li> <li>d. A method named void Details() that will print the details of the Movie in following format:</li> </ul> </li> <li>You are watching SHUTTER ISLAND Origin: USA Genre: Thriller Rating: 8.2</li> </ul>		6

```
3.
                                                                                                                        6
     package transport;
     public class Vehicle {
         int noOfWheels;
         public Vehicle(int noOfWheels) {
              this.noOfWheels = noOfWheels;
         }
     }
     package publicTransport;
     public class Bus extends Vehicle {
         private int licenseNo;
         Bus(int licenseNo){
              super.noOfWheels = 4;
              this.licenseNo = licenseNo;
         }
     }
    Rewrite the above blocks of code with the following changes.
             Make sure no other classes have direct access to 'noOfWheels' in 'Vehicle'.
         •
             Make Sure 'noOfWheels' in 'Vehicle' is read-only both from inside and outside of the
         •
              'transport' package. (the value can be set only within the constructor)
            Make sure the 'Bus extends Vehicle' line does not throw any error.
             Resolve any error that might be thrown by the constructor of class 'Bus'.
         •
             Enable read and write access to 'licenseNo' of the class 'Bus' without changing the given access
         .
              modifier.
4
    All of you know that FIFA 2022 with Brazil, Argentina controversy is a trendy topic. Given the
                                                                                                                        6
    following UML diagram, which has three classes: Fifa, BrazilFans, and ArgentinaFans. Although each
    detail is depicted in the UML diagram, some of the more complex parts are written here for convenience.
                                           Fifa
                                   noOfGoals: int
                                                             Fifa -> noOfGoals: ?, venue: ?
                                   venue: String
                                  + Fifa():
                                  + Fifa(int,String):
                                  + toString(): String
                                   getNoOfGoals(): int
                                                                   ArgentinaFans ->[Fifa-> noOfGoals:?, venue: ?], havingWorldCups:?
               BrazilFans
                                                                  ArgentinaFans
        havingWorldCups; int
                                                            havingWorldCups: int
       + BrazilFans(int,String,int):
                                                            + ArgentinaFans(int,String,int):
       + toString(): String
                                                            + toString(): String
       + incrementWorldCups():
                                                            + incrementWorldCups():
                      BrazilFans ->[Fifa-> noOfGoals:?, venue: ?], havingWorldCups:?
    There are 3 Classes. Fifa, BrazilFans and ArgentinaFans.
    Fifa() constructor prints " Who will be winner?" message. The first line of the Fifa(int,String)
    constructor body is called Fifa() constructor with the help of this keyword, and the remaining two lines
    instantiate variables using this keyword. toString() methods return a string with the given format.
```

**BrazilFans** is a derived class of **Fifa**, which has a constructor with three parameters, the first two of which are passed to the base class, and the last one is used to instantiate variables using **this** keyword. **toString()** methods return a string with the given format. The **incrementWorldCups()** methods increase the value of **havingWorldCups** by 1 when it is invoked.

**ArgentinaFans** is a derived class of **Fifa**, which has a constructor with three parameters, the first two of which are passed to the base class, and the last one is used to instantiate variables using **this** keyword. **toString()** methods return a string with the given format. The **incrementWorldCups()** methods increase the value of **havingWorldCups** by 1 when it is invoked.

Mid is another class that contains main() methods. In the main() method, after creating objects of ArgentinaFans and BrazilFans, if the noOfGoals of Argentina is greater than Brazil, then the incrementWorldCups() method of ArgentinaFans is called; otherwise, the incrementWorldCups() method of BrazilFans is called. Write the whole program appropriately so that when it executes, you get the following output:

Who will be winner? Argentina will win Who will be winner? Brazil will win ArgentinaFans -> [Fifa -> noofGoals: 10, venue:Qatar], havingWorldCups:2 BrazilFans -> [Fifa -> noofGoals: 7, venue:Qatar], havingWorldCups:5 ArgentinaFans -> [Fifa -> noofGoals: 10, venue:Qatar], havingWorldCups:3 BrazilFans -> [Fifa -> noofGoals: 7, venue:Qatar], havingWorldCups:5

```
5
     class PClass{
                                                         class CClass extends PClass{
                                                                                                                        6
                                                             void mFnc(){
         void mFnc(){
             System.out.println("Hello from P Class!");
                                                                 System.out.println("Hello from C Class!");
         3
                                                                 super.mFnc(11.22);
                                                             }
         void mFnc(double d1){
             System.out.println("Double value: " + d1);
                                                             void mFnc(int a2, double d2){
         }
                                                                 mFnc(d2);
     }
                                                                 System.out.println("Integer value: " + a2);
                                                             7
                                                         3
     class Main{
         public static void main(String[] args) {
             PClass pObj = new PClass();
             CClass cObj = new CClass();
             pObj.mFnc();
             cObj.mFnc();
             cObj.mFnc(10, 2.99);
             cObj.mFnc(3.145);
         }
     }
```

Check the attached Code Snippet and answer following questions:

- 1. What is the Output of the Main Class?
- 2. "In the "CClass" which is a subclass of "PClass", both *Method Overriding* and *Method Overloading* has been demonstrated"- Explain the statement using the examples from the code snippet.